## Vauban: an emblematic eco-district

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#### Citizen forum: quartier innovant et durable

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#### **Introduction**

- The Vauban district
  - One of the most talked about and visited ecodistricts
  - Located in Freiburg im Breisgau
    - Southwest Germany
    - The sunniest and warmest city
    - 230,000 residents (2015)
    - Employment linked primarily to services, the university and public service
    - Solar energy research
    - Production of photovoltaic panels
    - Car-free downtown area since the 1960s
    - Heavy use of streetcars, bicycles and walking
    - Highest housing costs in the country
    - Anti-nuclear mobilizations (1970-1980)
    - Green party stronghold: mayor (2002-2018)





Photos: R. Morin

## Introduction (cont'd.)\_

- The Vauban district
  - Former site of a military base (38 ha)
    - Occupied by French military forces as of 1945, then known as the "Quartier Vauban"
    - Evacuated in 1991, after the fall of the Berlin Wall (1989) and the reunification of Germany
    - Bought by the German Government in 1992 and then sold to the City for 20 million euros
    - 2000 housing units and 5600 residents (2015)
  - Project characterized by
    - Participatory process
    - Construction-buying groups (Baugruppen)
    - Renewable energies
    - Priority to active transportation
    - Sought-after functional and social mix



Source: https://www.freiburg.de/pb/208764.html

# Vauban: a participatory process

- Starting in 1992, illegal occupation of barracks by students, militant ecologists and low-income people ->
  - City: residential designation of the site (1993)
  - University: purchase of 6 barracks for 600 student-housing units (1994)
  - SUSI (independent and self-governing housing initiative): co-op purchase of 4 barracks offering 45 low-rent housing units (1995)
  - Forum Vauban: association comprising students, activists, first occupants and future residents (1994)
    - Supported by the City
    - Stakeholder in the development of the housing project (41 ha) as of 1995
    - After the City's awarding of the design mandate to architectural and engineering firms



Source: https://freiburg-vauban.de/en/quartier-vauban-2/

# Vauban: a participatory process (cont'd.)\_\_\_\_\_

- Contributions of the Forum Vauban
  - Organization of citizen participation
  - Work groups: energy, transportation, mobility, architecture, participation
  - Information: ecological architecture, energy savings...
  - Integration into the development concept already providing for the functional and social mix, active transportation and renewable energies
    - · Absence of private parking
    - Conservation of the forest stand
    - Transformation of a barrack into a community centre
  - Priority sale of land to construction-buying groups (Baugruppen)
- Closure of the Forum in 2003, replaced in 2005 by the Vauban District Association



### Vauban and the Baugruppen

- Baugruppen: groups of 10 to 50 households
  - Approved by the City according to a points system drawn up with the Forum Vauban and giving preference to:
    - Ecological constructions (low energy consumption)
    - Absence of cars
    - Specific populations (families with children, retirees, etc.)
  - Purchase by each group of one lot to be built
  - Collective decision-making: architecture, energy modes, common equipment, calls for tenders
  - Accompaniment by a mediator and an architect
  - Social relations and cost-sharing (savings of 20 to 25%, making up for construction cost overruns)
  - Modes of ownership: co-ownership (+) and co-op (-)
  - 70 Baugruppen (2015): major part of the dense residential development of the site (70% of the 41 ha)





#### Vauban and renewable energies

- Approval points system and purchase contracts  $\rightarrow$  low-energy-consumption buildings
  - Low-consumption houses according to Freiburg norms (65 kWh/m² versus 200-300 kWh/m² in Germany)
  - Passive houses (277): very low consumption (15 kWh/m²)
    - Solar orientation, very good insulation, green roof
    - Internal ventilation and cogeneration system
  - Positive houses: production of more energy than is consumed
    - Surplus transferred into the public distribution network
    - Located in the "Solar Settlement" (58 houses)
    - Two- or three-storey wooden constructions with micro-gardens, back yards and photovoltaic panel roofs
- Heating and electricity from the public distribution network
  - Cogeneration plant with gas engine
  - Woodchip system and gas boiler
- Rainwater management
  - Infiltration of rainwater into the soil
  - Retention channels and green roofs for surpluses
  - Collection in the tanks of some buildings
- Lush vegetation → coolness without air conditioners





## Vauban: priority to active transporation

- "District of short distances"
  - Walking and bicycle: preferred modes of transportation
  - To the detriment of cars
    - Low ownership rate (183/1000 residents in 2015)
    - · Absence of private parking spaces
    - Two large pay parking lots for residents
    - Parking possible on main street for visitors
    - Space saving of 20% of total district
    - Speed: 30 km on main streets; 5 km on secondary roads
  - Secondary roads without sidewalks
    - Priority to pedestrians and bicycles
    - Play and meeting areas
- Access to the centre of Freiburg (4 km) by tramway and bus
- Car-sharing service





#### Vauban: functional and social mix

- A district of short distances → multifunctional
  - 2000 housing units + school, childcare centres, shopping centre, grocery store, community centre, organic market, parks
  - 600 jobs: shops, services, handicrafts
- Objective + point system → social mix
  - However, strong homogenization
    - Middle-class households with children, of German origin, co-owners
    - High land and construction costs
    - Baugruppen bringing together similar people
    - Few one- or two-room units for single people
  - Still, a few projects for other types of households
    - SUSI coop: low-income households (45 units)
    - Genova coop: seniors and people with handicaps (75 units)







### Conclusion

- Vauban, an unusual situation
  - Sunny city with ecological traditions
  - Military land to be redeveloped
  - Strong social mobilization
- Vauban, an innovative eco-district
  - Citizen participation
  - Allotment of land (Baugruppen)
  - Renewable energies
  - Absence of private parking spaces
  - Functional mix
- Vauban, a rather homogenous district
- Vauban, a reproducible experience?



Thanks for your attention

